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Troops snuff new clashes in Tripura

NEW DELHI, June 14 (R) — Troops snuffed out new clashes today in India's northeast state of Tripura where hundreds died this week in fighting between tribesmen and immigrants from neighbouring Bangladesh. The Press Trust of India (PTI) said the state was still gripped by panic after 10 days of upheaval and bloodletting. The official death toll stood at 322 with hundreds missing. Reliable sources in Calcutta said army intelligence reports put the number of dead at 700 and three were feared it would rise to 1,000. Almost 160,000 people who have been burned out of their homes or have fled the fighting are being sheltered at makeshift relief camps across the state. Chief Minister Nripen Chakraborty told reporters today that the latest clashes had occurred in areas of north and west Tripura which border Bangladesh. Several houses were burned but he gave no other details.

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

British troops land in New Hebrides

VILA, New Hebrides, Reuter, June 15 (Sunday) — The contingent of British troops sent to this Pacific island to put a secessionist movement landed here today. Another 10 planes will arrive here over the next 48 hours carrying 1,000 royal marine commandos and their equipment, a British defence spokesman said. Britain has sent in troops to deal with the secessionist uprising on the island of Espiritu Santo, where a local plantation owner has taken control. The move has not met with the approval of France who, with Britain, jointly ruled the Hebrides as a condominium for 74 years. French resident commissioner Jean Jacques Robert said the British decision was unilateral and France had told the British government of its disapproval. In London, British officials said they intended to regard the marines as part of a joint operation.

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Regional Briefs

GHADAD, June 14 (R) — Arab League Secretary-General Azzam Khatib today discussed ways of developing the league's ties with Iraqi Foreign Minister Saadoun Hammadi. The Arab News Agency (ANA) said Mr. Khatib, who arrived here from Amman on Thursday as part of an Arab tour, reviewed with the Iraqi minister ways of developing the league in a manner "conducive to the strengthening of joint Arab action. Other topics included developing Arab-African cooperation, the Euro-Arab dialogue and the agenda of next month's Arab foreign ministers meeting in Amman. The Amman meeting will discuss questions raised at the annual Arab summit conference which will be held in Jordanian capital in November.

CAIRO, June 14 (R) — Egypt's month-old government today announced its policies to parliament, pledging to do more to help raise standards and fend off inflation. Acknowledging the wide gap between the poor and middle classes, the government announced largely blamed international circumstances for difficulties besetting the Egyptian economy. It was read to the People's Assembly by Dr. Fuad Mohiedden, one of six deputy prime ministers appointed to serve under President and Prime Minister Anwar Sadat in the May cabinet reshuffle. He said inflation — estimated at an annual rate of about 30 per cent — had enlarged money gaps in Egyptian society. The new government has set out controlled prices on some foodstuffs and essential goods and Dr. Mohiedden announced further measures. He said the next year the government would put 614.7 million Egyptian pounds (\$922 million) into a programme aimed at making Egypt self-sufficient in food supplies and invest 673.9 million pounds (one billion dollars) in public housing.

PARIS, June 14 (R) — A three-day conference aimed at promoting unity with the Lebanese people will open in Paris on Monday, Arab Peoples Congress said today. About 350 delegates representing 135 organisations and political groups from 70 countries are expected to attend, it said. The congress, which has been held in Libya, is formed of leftist parties and groups in power in Arab countries. Representatives of liberation and progressive movements in non-Arab countries are also invited. The Arab League, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the Algerian-backed Polisario Front guerrillas send delegates, the conference sponsors said. Mr. Omar Al-Taji, president of the Arab Peoples Congress, said the Lebanese minister, Dr. Salim Al-Hoss, had promised to send a minister to the conference.

DAMASCUS, June 14 (R) — Twelve people were killed and 28 injured in a crash yesterday between two buses 35 metres north of Damascus. Police sources said the accident place near Al Kutayfa village on the highway between Hama and Homs. The bus drivers escaped unscathed in the crash, they said. The injured travellers were rushed to nearby hospitals.

BERLIN, June 14 (R) — East German leader Erich Honecker has announced plans to pay an official visit to Iraq, underlining the increasingly friendly ties between the two states. The official ADN News Agency said Mr. Honecker formally accepted an invitation from President Saddam Hussein during talks in East Berlin yesterday with Iraqi Oil Minister Tayeb Abdul Karim. No date for the planned trip was given. Friendly ties were forged between East Berlin and Baghdad 12 years ago when Iraq became the first Arab state to recognise East Germany. It was since then East Berlin's biggest trading partner in the Middle East. Honecker told the oil minister his planned visit would serve to open up further the traditional friendship between our peoples, ADN said.

UNITED NATIONS, June 14 (R) — The Security Council last night approved a six-month extension of the mandate of the U.N. Truce Supervision Commission in Cyprus. Fourteen members voted for the extension. The other member, China, did not participate in the vote. The force has been on duty in Cyprus since 1964, and it was sent in following bloody conflict between Greek and Turkish Cypriots.

IRAN, June 14 (R) — Iran and Turkey have signed an agreement which will allow Iranian trucks to pass through Turkey to Iraq without paying any charges, Iranian state radio reported. The agreement follows a series of talks between officials of the two countries last week, which were partly designed to ensure that Iran would have access to vital imports while an export ban by many western countries is in force, informed sources said.

BAE, June 14 (R) — A young Iraqi extremist, injured in a fight with Iraqi security forces 10 days ago, died in a hospital today, officials said. Mr. Mudhar Bakr, from the city of Tikrit, was one of two armed youths who burst into the compound of the Iraqi embassy here on June 4 with a suitcase containing a bomb. Mr. Bakr, 20, was shot in the legs and stomach and one Iraqi guard was shot dead. Experts defused the bomb before it was timed to explode. The motive for the attack was not known.

ALGERIA, June 14 (R) — Polisario Front guerrillas fighting for an independent Western Sahara said today that they had a Portuguese trawler off the Western Saharan coast 10 days ago. But a Polisario communiqué issued in Algiers gave no details on the fate of the 15 crewmen of the Rio Vouga. The trawler was discovered three days ago by other Portuguese fishermen. Recalling that it had already destroyed a Spanish trawler and captured its crew last month, the Polisario warned fishing fleets not to violate what it called the national sovereignty of the Western Saharan Republic proclaimed by the Polisario in 1976.

MARSA MATRUH, June 14 (R) — Moroccan officials denied today that any Moroccan diplomatic mission was implicated in the seizure by Egyptian customs officials of 295 kilograms of cannabis resin, the official MAP News Agency (MAP) said. The cannabis, seized last week at the east coast port of Harwich, was discovered in a container sent from Karachi via the Netherlands and addressed to the Moroccan embassy in London. A British customs spokesman said there was no evidence that anyone at the Moroccan embassy was involved.

ISBURY, June 14 (AP) — A 16-man Saudi Arabian delegation has arrived in Salisbury to discuss possible aid for war-torn Zimbabwe with the Zimbabwe government. The delegation, which has not revealed the likely amount of aid Saudi Arabia will provide, met today with Mr. Simon Muzenda, the deputy minister and foreign minister. The Saudis also have held talks with Minister of State Emmerson Mnangagwa since its arrival yesterday. Zimbabwe is seeking aid from around the world to construct an economy severely disrupted in a seven-year war which led to independence April 18.

Bomb thrown at Britain's Libya embassy

LONDON, June 14 (R) — A fire bomb was thrown at Britain's embassy in Tripoli last night, a few hours after Libya's diplomatic head in London was expelled, a foreign office spokesman said today. He said the bomb slightly damaged the door of the mission and caused no injuries. British Ambassador Michael Edes today protested to the Libyan authorities about the attack and requested more protection, he added.

Yesterday Mr. Musa Kusa, head of the Libyan "People's Bureau" in London, was ordered to leave Britain after being quoted by the London Times newspaper as saying that a Libyan revolutionary committee had decided to kill two Libyan exiles in Britain. Deputy Foreign Minister Sir Ian Gilmour told parliament he had asked Mr. Kusa to leave because "his presence in this country is no longer in the interests of Anglo-Libyan relations."

The Libyan "People's Bureau" in London today took issue with the Times for its report of Mr. Kusa's remarks. In a letter to Reuters, the "People's Bureau" said Mr. Kusa did not say that the revolutionary committees have decided to eliminate two Libyans on British territory, for the simple reason that he is not vested with the power to do so, as such power is vested in the revolutionary committees.

King starts Washington official visit on Monday

AMMAN, June 12 (JNA) — His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor will arrive in Washington Monday for an official visit to the United States.

Their majesties will be officially welcomed at the White House lawn by President and Mrs. Jimmy Carter, who will be at the head of the reception party.

The most important activities in the official programme of the visit will be the two meetings which His Majesty the King will hold with President Carter. His Majesty will also meet with U.S. Secretary of State Edmund Muskie.

His Majesty will also meet with the chairman and members of the foreign relations committees of the U.S. Senate and House of Representatives. His Majesty will meet with members of the National Press Club and those interested in Jordanian and Arab affairs in the United States.

A special programme has been prepared for Her Majesty Queen Noor, whereby she will visit a number of educational and social establishments.

But urges 'serious, genuine contribution' to peace Jordan welcomes EEC statement as positive step in right direction

AMMAN, June 14 (Agencies) — Jordan today welcomed as a "positive step" the statement on the Middle East by leaders of the European Community, but urged the Common Market countries to "move in practical union" to help in achieving a settlement in the region.

Commenting on the EEC leaders' declaration on the Middle East after their two-day summit which ended in Venice yesterday, Prime Minister Sharif Abdul Hamid Sharaf said: "The European declaration is a positive step and in the right direction. But, in itself, it is not enough to push the issue of justice and peace in the region a practical step forward," the official Jordan News Agency (JNA) reported.

The agency quoted him as welcoming the European Community's "unanimous declaration that a just peace in the Middle East requires complete Israeli withdrawal from the Arab territories occupied in the Middle East war of 1967."

Jordan also acknowledges that the EEC "has recognised the right of the Palestinian people to self-determination, rejected

Israeli measures in occupied Jerusalem and objected to the establishment of settlements in the occupied territories," JNA quoted Sharif Abdul Hamid as saying.

He noted that the European Community leaders "have stressed the necessity for the achievement of a comprehensive and just peace that recognises the Palestinian people and its rights and (calls for) the participation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in its construction," according to JNA.

The prime minister called upon the European Community "to move in practical union towards a serious and genuine contribution to apply these principles in harmony with the logic of international law, the United Nations Charter and resolutions and the responsibilities of the European countries by virtue of the history of their relationship to the Palestinian issue and their present and future deeply-rooted interests with the peoples of the Arab Nation."

PLO leaders hold overnight meeting to discuss reaction to EEC statement

DAMASCUS, June 14 (Agencies) — Palestinian leaders gathered in Damascus tonight for a special meeting to discuss their response to the EEC Venice declaration on the Middle East.

Palestinian sources said. The sources said the Palestine Liberation Organisation's Executive Committee would be joined by the heads of various commando organisations and members of the Palestine National Council (parliament-in-exile) secretariat. Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat dismissed the EEC summit statement before it was issued yesterday and said Palestinian national rights would be won by the freedom fighter's gun.

However, Mr. Farouk Kadoum, head of the PLO's political department, said the European Common Market document contained several positive aspects "but lacked other basic elements."

He did not state what elements were missing, but said a formal statement would be issued after the meeting, which was likely to go on until early tomorrow, according to the sources. The meeting had been scheduled earlier to fix the date for a session of the national council, due next month.

Official Syrian sources declined to make a formal comment on the EEC declaration but said that it was insufficient to establish a just, durable and comprehensive peace.

Arab press commentators today gave a mixed reception to the

declaration.

The independent Lebanese daily An Nahar said: "The declaration is nice rhetoric which has no fundamental impact on the present situation in the Middle East, where the U.S. dominates the peace process and the Soviet Union rejects it."

But the Beirut-based pro-Iraqi newspaper Al Liwa commented that the declaration was "a document that needs to be developed," saying that the call for PLO participation in Middle East peace talks amounted to a sort of recognition of the organisation.

The semi-official Syrian newspaper Al Thawra maintained its attack on the Camp David agreements, saying they constituted "an obstacle rather than a move on the road of peace in the region."

The search for peace should start with the serious implementation of United Nations resolutions on the Middle East conflict, it added.

Most newspapers in the Gulf reacted cynically and coolly to the EEC's call to associate the PLO with existing Middle East peace negotiations.

"It is a wishy-washy statement, which reflected the success of the Camp David group to dissuade Europe from taking its promised initiative," a United Arab Emirates (UAE) newspaper, Al Fajr, said in an editorial.

"The Venice conference stressed Israel's need for peace and security but it came up with only some good wishes for the Palestinians who are suffering occupation and oppression at the hands of the Zionist enemy," another UAE newspaper, Al Wahda, said.

Al Bayan, also a UAE newspaper, said the conference produced nothing new except for the fact that the leaders of the nine EEC countries met in Venice to take a unified stand on the Middle East.

The Kuwait daily Al Rai Al Aam said it believed the Venice declaration could not have been any different because of the current Arab situation.

"While drafting the declaration the European countries must have been saying to themselves: 'Why should we differ with Washington while the Arabs are a spent force...'"

"Why should Europe be in conflict with the U.S. while we (the Arabs) or some of us, give the U.S. bases or military facilities, fight its wars in its areas of influence and volunteer to serve its

interests even in Europe?" the newspaper asked.

But Bahrain's English-language daily, the Gulf Daily News, said the EEC move could be the start of peace in the Middle East.

"It is on only such a basis—the inclusion of the PLO in talks and the premise that Palestine must be returned to the Palestinians—that there is any hope of success of peace in the Middle East," the daily said.

Kuwait said any Middle East settlement must recognise the Palestinians' right to self-determination and the setting up of a Palestinian state under PLO leadership.

"Kuwait stands by the Palestinian people led by the PLO in their quest for regaining their legitimate rights and occupied homeland," Kuwait's crown prince and prime minister, Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, was quoted by Kuwait radio as commenting on the EEC declaration.

Lebanese Foreign Minister Faud Boutros said the declaration contained "certain positive factors and represents some progress concerning the Middle East crisis, the Palestinians and their rights in particular."

Three former Afghan aides executed

LONDON, June 14 (R) — Three ministers of the former Afghan government of President Hafizullah Amin have been executed, Kabul Radio said today. The radio, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation said the three had been sentenced to death by a revolutionary court and that the sentences had been carried out.

The former minister of communications Mr. Mohammad Zahir had been charged with provoking and instigating people, the radio said. Mr. Shihjan Sahraee, former minister of border affairs, had been charged with trying to strengthen the basis of the previous regime, and the former Planning Minister Mr. Mohammad Sediq Alemyar, had been charged with killing people and acting against the religion of Islam, the broadcast said.

A Kabul Radio report monitored here on June 8 said 10 high-ranking officials of the former government had been executed for crimes against the state.

Carter reiterates refusal to recognise, talk to PLO

WASHINGTON, June 14 (R) — President Carter is sticking to his refusal to recognise or negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), despite the European Economic Community's call for a PLO role in Middle East negotiations.

Mr. Carter told a group of Jewish journalists invited to the White House, "We will not negotiate with the PLO and we will not recognise the PLO status until after the PLO recognises Israel's right to exist and until the PLO also recognises that U.N. Resolution 242 is the basis for further progress for a comprehensive settlement."

Mr. Carter spoke yesterday only hours after the nine EEC countries approved a statement calling for the PLO to be associated with peace talks between Israel and Arab states. A text of the president's remarks was issued by the White House today.

After reiterating his position on the PLO, Mr. Carter told the reporters: "So whatever the European allies might do about this, our position is clear and as I've just stated to you."

Secretary of State Edmund Muskie said yesterday that on the face of it the European action did not challenge talks between Israel and Egypt within the framework of agreements negotiated at Camp David in September 1978.

Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali and Israeli Interior Minister Yosef Burg are scheduled to meet U.S. negotiator Sol Linowitz in Washington on July 2 and 3 in an attempt to revive stalled talks on Palestinian self-rule.

President Carter, in his remarks yesterday, also said: "We are monitoring very closely what is being done by others, notably the European community, to make sure that they don't do anything that would interfere with or subvert the progress of the Camp David procedure."

On the thorny issue of Israeli settlements on the occupied West Bank, Mr. Carter said additional settlements were not necessary. "It is an obstacle to peace because it creates very serious problems in reaching a comprehensive agreement," he said.

Meanwhile, Common Market leaders, undeterred by criticisms from both Palestinians and Israelis, intend trying to contact all sides in the Middle East to push forward with a peace initiative.

The objective of the European Community countries' contacts in the Middle East is to get the views of the various parties on principles in the Venice declaration. After these consultations, the

community leaders will determine the form which their peace initiative could take.

Informed western sources said the contacts would be made through the presidency of the European Community Council, held until the end of this month by Italy and taken over during the second half of the year by Luxembourg.

The Common Market leaders might send a fact-finding mission to Israel and the Arab capitals, the sources said.

Moscow Radio, in an Arabic broadcast, accused the United States yesterday of using blatant and rude pressure to turn the EEC declaration on the Middle East into a meaningless document.

The broadcast said that the EEC's recognition of Palestinian

rights to self-determination was meaningless because no alternative was offered to the U.S.-sponsored Camp David agreements between Egypt and Israel.

Moscow said that West European leaders had been making firm statements only a few days ago on the need to reconsider and even to abandon the Camp David principles, but the statement issued in Venice last night did not measure up to previous hints.

The reason for "this shy conduct" by Western European leaders, Radio Moscow said, was that "the U.S. administration and President Carter personally, having seen in the so-called European initiative a danger to their actions in the Middle East, exerted blatant and crude pressure on the European allies."

West Germany heads 'Group 1' in European soccer championship

NAPLES, Italy, June 14 (R) — West Germany were poised to qualify for the European soccer championships final after three goals by Klaus Allofs gave them a 3-2 win over the Netherlands in a "Group One" match here tonight. A spirited late rally in which Johnny Rep scored a penalty and four minutes from the end Willy van de Kerkhof hammered in a 25-yard drive, only added to Dutch frustration.

The West Germans operated with clinical efficiency. In an imposing collective effort, the changes they had made to the side which scored a limp 1-0 victory over Czechoslovakia on Wednesday paid off spectacularly.

Allofs owed his first and third goals to one of the newcomers, the 20-year-old Bernd Schuster from

Cologne, the outstanding player on view. Schuster cut the Dutch left flank to ribbons from the start. In the 20th minute from a free run by Bernd Dietz, Schuster hit the post and Allofs coolly picked up the rebound.

Fourteen minutes into the second half it was Hansi Mueller who made the opening for Allofs' first-time low drive.

Seven minutes later, Schuster cut and despite the Dutch revival in the last 10 minutes effectively sewed up the match.

West Germany now heads "group one" with a maximum four points and would have to slip disastrously against Greece in Turin on Tuesday to miss qualifying for the final on June 22. (See story page 5)



West Germany's Klaus Allofs (left) beats the goalkeeper of his team's opponents from the Netherlands to score the first goal in the 20th minute of their match in Naples, Italy, Saturday. (AP wirephoto).

The Embassy of Japan has the honour to announce that on the death of the Prime Minister of Japan, Mr. Masayoshi Ohira, the register of condolences will be open at the office of the embassy at Jabal Amman, Fourth Circle, near Saladin Mosque, on Saturday, June 14 and Sunday, June 15 from 9:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

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Hai Nazzal centre: A model for the future

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, June 14 — Three years ago a tall, wiry-haired university professor and an enthusiastic band of students from his sociology class appeared in one of Amman's poorest quarters, Hai Nazzal, and started digging on a piece of wasteland.

They were greeted by the locals with a shower of stones and such hostile remarks as "Dr. Suri Naser is going to build a warehouse here." On that same piece of land where there now stands a social development centre which serves some 300 children and a hundred women.

Today a group of community leaders led by His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, met to assess the results of this experiment in popular participation, the first of its kind in the country.

Among those gathered this morning for the first part of a two-day conference were the mayor of Amman, Mr. Isam Ajlouni — a social worker by profession — Dr. Adnan Badran, president of Yarmouk University and Dr. Abdul Rahman Jarayeh, dean of the Faculty of Arts at the University of Jordan. There were also a number of other professors, senior officials from ministries particularly concerned with youth, heads of charities and about three dozen village leaders currently attending a training course at "Allan social development centre."

The participants gathered in a brightly decorated prefabricated hut, which like all the other buildings, the playground and open air theatre was erected piece by piece by university students together with youth from the neighbourhood. There they listened to Dr. Naser tell the story of how Hai Nazzal came into existence and is now thriving, despite so many obstacles that had it not been for the continued and growing support of concerned individuals the project would have been abandoned.

Dr. Naser explained the motives behind establishing the centre. For years he had been teaching his students the theory of social change, but these ideas were far removed from the realities of Jordanian society today. "Our students learn much about other societies but not our own," he said.

Dr. Naser said, "They had to come here to understand people's attitudes in a developing society. A second good reason to establish the centre was the awareness that there is no place for the child in Arab society. The child is the future of our society, and if we want to improve that future we have to improve the child's welfare."

Thirdly, we were motivated by the fact that our communities lack of feeling of social responsibility. By working with the community we aimed to instill a new attitude of civic consciousness."

In all three respects, the venture has paid off. As Mr. Ajlouni, who worked with Dr. Naser on the project from the beginning, said, "The youth of the area really feel a part of the centre through having worked on it."

The locals' suspicion about the centre has gradually been eroded to the extent that only a few very conservative religious leaders are still opposed to it. Girls attend as well as boys, although in the older age group from 15 years up society moves still demand that they be segregated. Women have been drawn into the centre and through literacy and sewing classes which are now run by local girls they have for the first time in their lives somewhere to meet outside the confines of their homes.

A guided tour of the centre conducted by its young director, Vera Halasa, a sociology graduate, gave the party a chance to see

the varied activities, including an aviary which is still being built. The birds are to be donated by Prince Hassan, just one of a long line of donations which have ranged over the years from concrete bricks and prelab houses to a television and books for the library.

Dr. Naser explained that it is important now to establish an organised way of dealing with the centre's finances in the future. For a start, Mr. Mohammad Nazzal Al Armouti, a wealthy landowner from the district, offered JD 20,000 to be given over a

period of ten years towards running the centre and expanding its activities.

In the final major speech of the morning session, Prince Hassan stressed the significant role Hai Nazzal centre has played in encouraging social awareness among youth. He said that the country's educational system needs to be reformed, to be open to innovation, to give the pupils a much broader education than one rigidly geared to the examination process. Youth should be motivated and inspired to contribute to society through voluntary work of

the kind witnessed and thus feel a sense to a country, regional and social rank. Later in the day, of the major part unfortunately had to be omitted. The centre is run, a graduate who works the centre, Miss Mi. describe the difficulties along with other girls work in such a neighbourhood. The conference tomorrow.

Powdered milk prices to be listed pub

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, June 14 — The recent government decision to lift price controls on powdered milk today prompted wholesalers to offer the public a new consumer service: the listing of suggested retail prices for their product.

The Minister of Supply, Dr. Jawad Anani, announced Thursday that the price of powdered milk would be floated. To ensure that the public would have a cheap alternative, though, the ministry will continue to import its own milk and sell it at fixed prices.

The Supply Ministry milk, under an arrangement with the two Dutch firms manufacturing it, carries the name "Halibuna"

("Our Milk"), a special brand name for Jordan. Since it was ordered on short notice, some of the cans bear the Dutch name. "Morely".

The ministry's decision to import milk came earlier this year when an acute shortage of the product hit the marketplace here after the European Economic Community (EEC) announced it would decrease subsidies on dairy products. With the cost of producing milk up, it is expected that the increase will be passed on to the wholesale purchase price of EEC milk on the international market.

Jordanian importers stockpiled milk bought at the lower price with the intention of flooding the market here after the higher price went into effect in Europe. It was presumed that the Ministry of Supply would raise the government-controlled price in response to the new situation on the international market.

The government has, however, instead decided to float the price of powdered milk. For one thing, Dr. Anani told the Jordan Times tonight, the ministry can ensure a steady supply of the cheap alternative, Halibuna. Another reason is that the EEC decision has been to decrease the subsidy on dairy products gradually. That would lead to a spiral of increases to wholesalers here and consequent government "embarrassment" in

continually having Dr. Anani note national milk price was reasonable as consumers here favoured brands. The wholesalers fix prices for their products. The ministry here will "equalize" the price of powdered milk. No brands from the "where are expected to appear on the market. Dr. Anani held powdered milk import explain the reasoning milk prices. He not to take advantage by taking a margin. The reported, said the satisfied with a market fit but that they are prices charged by the group agree on a weekly notices in that list the suggest for their product. consumer will be whether he is being by his grocer, and in.

At the same time said, his ministry watch on the profits. If it finds any a much, the ministry their import licence milk, after issuing

Room to manoeuvre

SOME of Mr. Begin's intransigence seems to have rubbed off on President Carter. The U.S. president told Jewish journalists at the White House shortly after the EEC declaration was issued: "We will not negotiate with the PLO and we will not recognise the PLO status until after the PLO recognises Israel's right to exist and until the PLO also recognises that U.N. Resolution 242 is the basis for further progress for a comprehensive settlement."

That is an absurd double-barrelled demand that cannot be met. Under the best of terms, the PLO cannot recognise Israel—which amounts to playing the trump card in its hand—without extracting simultaneous recognition of the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinians and obtaining irrevocable guarantees that a sovereign Palestinian state will be set up in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, which state will have to include Arab Jerusalem. Nor can the PLO accept Resolution 242, which disposes of the Palestinian problem as one of refugees, as a basis for progress towards a comprehensive settlement—a refugees problem can be disposed of simply through resettlement. What about Palestinian rights? To ask the PLO to accept Resolution 242 as things now stand is to ask it to undermine the ground under its own feet, and under the Palestinian people as a whole.

Perhaps the most salient feature of Friday's declaration by the European Council was the recognition that the PLO will have to be associated with negotiations leading to a Middle East peace settlement. This recognition was extended without any strings. The European declaration also says the Palestinian problem is not merely one of refugees and that the Palestinian people must be placed in a position to exercise fully its right to self-determination.

The United States position is not that it opposes self-determination for the Palestinian people, but that it does not want to do anything that will drive Israel out of the peace talks. Ironically, it appears that the United States is going about it backwards, by accommodating its position to that of Israel instead of using the trump card it holds. For instance, President Carter has said he would not recognise "the PLO status". Which status is that? Is it as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, or as a representative of the Palestinians or merely an interested party, an organisation which holds the key to the success of the peace talks?

A threat by the U.S. to recognise the PLO as an interested party should serve to extract concessions from Israel. If this does not work, the U.S. can go ahead and make the declaration. If Israel turns its back on peace talks, the United States could threaten to "escalate" its recognition of the organisation further. If Israel remains recalcitrant, the U.S. could start talking to the PLO. It could also cut off a percentage of its aid to Israel to counterbalance the cost of establishing settlements and of administering the occupied territories. Washington could also recognise the right of the Palestinian people to self-determination in strong terms — quite aside from the PLO question. It could allow a European-sponsored resolution to that effect to be adopted by the Security Council. Several options are open.

The United States, like its European allies, has room to manoeuvre. A bolder approach is required.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'Y: The European summit conference, instead of coming out with the initiative which Europe had promised the Arabs, produced a weak declaration. This declaration includes several points that constitute a retreat in the European stand:

— The emphasis on adopting Security Council Resolution 242 as a basis for a settlement, although this resolution has become outdated and previous European statements have called for its amendment to include an explicit provision on the Palestinian people's right to self-determination.

— The statement timidly speaks of the "legitimate rights" of the Palestinian people, and avoids using the term "national rights", which has been used by some European leaders in the past.

— The statement calls the Israeli settlements a "serious obstacle" in the road to peace, but does not describe them explicitly as "illegal".

— Despite U.N. resolutions which stamp them as such, this constitutes a retreat that should not be overlooked.

— In referring to Jerusalem, the declaration does not speak to the central issue here, that of Arab sovereignty in occupied Arab land. It deals with it as an issue that concerns all parties, emphasising free access to the holy places.

— The provision on the Palestine Liberation Organisation's participation in peace negotiations was weakened by committing the organisation, along with all other parties, to a number of conditions. These include the acceptance of resolution 242.

— The European group put the ball in the Arab court when it provided in its declaration for a delegation to make contacts with the concerned parties to ascertain how and whether these parties are committed to the principles contained in this statement, in preparation for the European initiative.

AL DUSTOOR: The European political declaration issued by the EEC countries at their summit in Venice included positive contributions to the effort to solve the Palestinian issue and the conflict in the region:

— Its clear call for Palestinian and PLO participation in peace negotiations. In this particular point the statement surpasses the Camp David accords, which — implicitly — exclude the PLO from any role in the negotiations. It opposes Israel's stand rejecting any negotiations with PLO, and criticises Washington's stand, which also refuses to speak with the PLO unless the latter recognises Israel's right to exist. The European declaration calls for PLO participation without prior conditions.

— The declaration also calls for Palestinians to be allowed to practice in full their right to self-determination. This contradicts the traditional American position, which denies such an absolute right to the Palestinians, and instead calls on them to "participate" with others in determining their future.

— The declaration asserts that the Palestinian problem is not only one of refugees, while Security Council Resolution 242 speaks not of the people of Palestine but about Palestinian refugees and the necessity of solving their problem in the framework of a comprehensive settlement. Therefore, the declaration constitutes an important departure from Resolution 242.

— The declaration expressed Europe's rejection of the Israeli measures in occupied Jerusalem, and called on Israel to end its occupation of Arab land it took over in 1967. In this vague form the declaration tried to avoid becoming a part of the dispute about the extent of Israeli withdrawal.

Until the declaration is implemented, it will remain on the whole a step forward, and at least count as moral support in the effort to gain universal recognition of Palestinian rights, although Europe did not live up to the hopes we had placed in it.

Local News Briefs

AMMAN, June 14 (UNA) — His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor last night visited Queen Elizabeth II of Britain at Buckingham Palace.

AMMAN, June 14 (UNA) — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, today deputised Court Minister Amer Khamash to present condolences to the Japanese ambassador in Amman on the death of Japanese Prime Minister Masuyoshi Ohira.

IRBID, June 14 (UNA) — The Cooperative Directorate in Irbid District has decided to grant a loan of JD 20,000 to the Yarmouk Cooperative Society to build a centre for the society and warehouses to store agricultural produce. It has also decided to grant loans totalling JD 35,000 to several cooperative and agricultural societies in the district. The directorate last month granted loans to several societies in the district, amounting to JD 15,000.

AMMAN, June 14 (UNA) — The Arab Organisation for Standards and Specifications will participate in the meetings of the Sixth International Conference for Meteorology which will be held in Washington next Monday. During the five-day conference, the participants will discuss the achievements of the Fifth International Conference for Meteorology held in Paris in 1976, and relations among the member states and international and regional organisations. The Arab organisation will be represented by its Secretary General, Dr. Nasser Al Sawwaf.

AMMAN, June 14 (UNA) — The Preaching and Guidance Department at the Ministry of Awaqaf and Islamic Affairs will organise next week a training course on preaching and guidance in Madaba District. Thirty preachers will participate in the one-week course, during which they will receive instructions on preaching, guidance and speech. They will also undergo field training in mosques.

AMMAN, June 14 (UNA) — A labour education course began at the Labour Education Institute in Amman today. Thirty workers from 22 establishments will participate in the 10-day course. They will receive lessons and lectures on labour education and legislation, the Jordanian labour law, Social Security, Health and Labour Safety. They will also make field visits to several establishments.

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WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibition

The French Cultural Centre is holding a documentary exhibition entitled "Des Metiers et Des Hommes". Drawings and photographs of a wide range of human activities will be on display until June 29. Visiting hours are 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 5 to 8 p.m.

The Jordanian Journalists' Association, presents a photo exhibition at the Soviet Cultural Centre, Monday, 10 a.m. - 1 p.m. and 4 to 7 p.m.

The Goethe Institute, in cooperation with Lufthansa Airlines, presents a cartoon exhibition entitled "Follow Me", on the subject of aviation since the start of the century. The exhibition will open Monday at 5 p.m.


Archaeology Field Trip

The Friends of Archaeology have organised a half-day field trip to Buq' Valley, led by Dr. Patrick MacGovern, a research scientist at the University of Pennsylvania's Museum of Applied Science in Archaeology. Four members will have the opportunity of seeing an eight-member team in action. Meeting point will be the Department of Antiquities Registration Centre, Sunday at 8:30 a.m.

NOTICE

The British Council Centre will be closed Monday, June 16.

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The Southern Regional Project (Ministry of Labour and Rural Affairs and the Environment Agency for Technical Cooperation), with a new in Jabal Amman, is looking for one or two secretaries/typists for a period of two years. will include secretarial, office and typing tasks.

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Please apply in writing to:
The Southern Region Planning Directorate
P.O. Box 35206
Amman

UNITED NATIONS

The United Nations Economic Commission for Western Asia invites applications from experienced secretaries and bilingual typists (English/Arabic), the ages of 23 and 35, for its headquarters in Iraq.

Qualifications: SECRETARIES: Must have completed High School and a secretarial course. Must be the shorthand test at 90 words per minute and Arabic typing tests at 50 wpm and 40 wpm. Passing grade in clerical test. Three to five years of relevant experience an advantage. Good knowledge of English and Arabic. A working knowledge of French is an asset.

FOR BILINGUAL TYPISTS: High School Graduate. Must pass the typing tests in two working languages, English and Arabic, at 50 wpm and 40 wpm. Passing grade in clerical test. One to two years of experience an advantage.

Salary and Allowances: Salary for bilingual secretaries ranges from 1,697 to 2,497 Iraqi Dinars per annum and for secretaries from 2,097 to 2,497 Dinars gross per annum. In addition, non-resident allowances of 500 to 100 Iraqi Dinars net per month. Subsidised apartments near the office. U.N. will air travel. Home leave every two years plus benefits, such as dependency allowance for and children.

Application forms may be obtained from Nations Development Programme, P.O. Box 35286, Third Circle, Jabal Amman; Tel. 41202/5. The closing date for receipt of complete applications is June 30, 1980.

هكذا في الأصل

ME states expected to increase wheat reserves

WASHINGTON, June 13 (AP)—World grain production this year will recover from last year's reduced crop and could break the record set in 1978, a government report said yesterday.

The Agriculture Department now forecasts world grain output in the crop season that starts on July 1 between 1,411 and 1,483

million tonnes, up from 1,400 million tonnes last year.

If weather conditions continue favourable through the rest of the growing season, production could even exceed the record harvest of 1,456 million tonnes set in 1978, the report said. World wheat stocks will be replenished as production from the 1980-81 crop will be well above last year's crop.

OECD countries register strong industrial growth

WASHINGTON, June 14 (AP)—Foreign industrial production during the first quarter of 1980 registered its strongest growth for any three-month period in more than two years, the U.S. Department of Commerce reported yesterday.

The index of industrial production in seven major countries rose at an annual rate of 9.4 per cent, compared with quarterly growth rates in the 4.1 to 1.4 per cent range during 1978 and 1979, the department said.

"The first quarter surge, reflecting in part strong business fixed investment in several foreign countries, followed a more moderate but still substantial fourth quarter rise of 4.8 per cent at an annual rate," it said.

"This acceleration in the pace of output expansion overseas stands in sharp contrast to the situation in the United States. U.S. industrial production has remained essentially stagnant since the beginning of 1979, and declined slightly in each of the last two quarters."

The Commerce Department said private investment in plant and equipment, which expanded in response to improved corporate profits, higher capacity utilisation levels and sustained demands, was an important element in the industrial growth recorded last year in some foreign economies.

"Business investment apparently continued to play a stimulating role in the first quarter, although foreign industrial performances varied substantially from country to country," it said.

"The favourable impact on U.S. exports of strong foreign investment spending, which typically includes a substantial import component, was a factor in the notable rise in U.S. sales to the European countries during the first quarter."

The Commerce Department's foreign production index covers 80 per cent of the industrial production of the countries of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) outside the United States. It is an early indicator of economic activity of major trading partners of the United States, providing exporters with a general measure of foreign demand.

The Commerce Department said first quarter industrial production was exceptionally vigorous in Japan, even by comparison with the steady advances recorded in earlier quarters. Japanese output rose at an annual rate of 18.5 per cent, reflecting continued strength in investment spending and renewed export growth.

Italian industrial production increased by 15.9 per cent, boosted by sustained growth in demand for machine tools and mechanical products and by record steel output levels.

After many months of uneven industrial activity, output in the Netherlands expanded by 12.4 per cent during the first quarter.

Full domestic order books, especially in the engineering field, and improved exports helped to support a first quarter rise in West German industrial output of 7.5 per cent at an annual rate.

A 6.2 per cent increase in French industrial production reflected higher output of capital goods, stimulated by corporate investment purchases and foreign demand.

In Britain, the first national steel strike in decades exacerbated the recent downward trend in industrial output, leading to a first quarter slide in industrial production of 8.7 per cent at an annual rate.

it said.

Prospects for wheat crops in the Soviet Union, India and Canada have deteriorated slightly in recent weeks, but larger crops are expected for Western as well as Eastern European nations, the report said.

It said much uncertainty exists on whether China, the Soviet Union and India will need to import large amounts of wheat.

China may need to boost grain imports because of prospects for a reduced domestic harvest and more emphasis on wheat consumption, the report said. It predicted that India may have to import wheat if a poor monsoon season results in a lower rice crop this autumn and if the government seeks to keep grain stocks at desired levels.

"These stocks (in India) would

be needed to dampen possible domestic food grain price increases and ensure adequate supplies in case of future production shortfalls," the report said.

Middle East countries will import more wheat this year in an effort to establish plentiful grain reserves, it predicted.

World coarse grain trade in the 1980-81 crop season will remain near last year's record of slightly more than 100 million tonnes, the report said. It cited Mexico, Japan, China and Western European countries as markets that will continue to import large amounts of corn or will boost their purchases.

World demand for imported rice remains strong, especially in Indonesia and several Middle Eastern and African nations.

S. Korea recession deepens

TOKYO, June 14 (AP)—Political instability, pressures on production costs and higher interest on loans have forced South Korea to sink deeper into recession, according to the Bank of Japan today.

The bank, in its survey on Asian economic activity, said mining and manufacturing production in South Korea was down 2.3 per cent in the January-March period from the same period a year before.

Consumer prices, on the other hand, rose by 25.8 per cent in April over the year before, causing further decline in Korea's international competitiveness centring on textiles, it said.

Korea's competitiveness on international markets has been a lever in the country's spectacular economic growth during the past decade.

A sizable markup in wages and electricity charges, as well as higher interest on loans, have also resulted in "mounting" pressures on production costs, it said.

Because of "increased" political instability, there has been a cancellation of foreign deals and a series of requests for postponement of shipments, it said. Letters of credit received in May rose by only 7 per cent over the previous year, it added.

Economic hardships halt India's development plans

NEW DELHI, June 14 (AP)—The Indian economy is passing through "an extremely difficult period," with industrial and agricultural production declining, prices spiralling and trade deficit increasing, Finance Minister R. Venkataratnam told parliament yesterday.

After two years of reasonable economic growth, the Gross National Product (GNP) declined by three per cent in 1979-80, the minister said in his economic report to parliament.

Oil price hikes by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) have forced the government to cut development programmes, pointing to the need to adopt alternative sources of energy like hydroelectricity and coal.

India's imports jumped 2.6 per cent 1979-80 over the previous financial year, resulting in an all-time high trade deficit.

In 1979-80, ending May 31, agricultural production fell 11 per cent owing to a continuing widespread drought that has hit 220

million people in several states. More than \$200 million are being spent on drought-relief measures.

Industrial production in the same financial year went down 0.8 per cent compared with a 1.6 per cent increase in the previous year, mainly because of power, coal and oil shortages. Steel production declined 8.4 per cent, cement production 9.1 per cent and sugar production 28 per cent. Non-ferrous metal output also fell, the report said.

After two years of remarkable price stability, prices rose 19.9 per cent "with high rates of monetary expansion in the past playing an important role in the inflationary process."

The report said financial performance of India's numerous state-owned industrial plants "continues to fall below expectations."

Indian economic policy "faces difficult challenges" in 1980-81, with the main tasks being to control inflation and demand and increase industrial and agricultural production, it added.

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar	292.50/294.50	French franc	71.50/71.90
U.K. sterling	686.60/690.60	Dutch guilder	152.00/152.90
West German mark	167.00/168.00	Swedish crown	70.60/71.00
Swiss franc	181.50/182.60	Belgium franc	104.10/104.70
Italian lire		Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	35.30/35.50	(for every 100)	135.40/136.20

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JUNE 15, 1980

YOUR DAILY Horoscope

from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to show appreciation to those who have done favors for you in the past. Maintain a cheerful manner with those you come in contact with now. Express happiness.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Take time for meditation early in the day and adopt the right philosophy for the future. Make this a worthwhile day.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study your relationship with friends and know where they fit best in your future plans. Catch up on your rest today.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Seek the company of influential persons who can be helpful in furthering your career. Devote evening to loved one.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Plan how to advance with the assistance of important and clever individuals you know. Strive for happiness.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) A good time to make plans that could give you more abundance in the days ahead. Don't be taken in by doubtful persons.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Plan how to gain no benefits from relationships you now have. Forget the easy chair and be more active and happy.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) A good day to come to better understanding with family members. Plan how show gratitude and increase harmony.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Arrange to be with friends you truly like for the recreation you desire. Plan the week ahead so that it becomes more productive.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make plans to prove your status in your line of endeavor. Take mate to charming places in the evening.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Good day to study whatever is spiritual and educational. Visit friends and relatives and express happiness.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study new methods and ideas that can bring you greater income in the future. Make needed repairs to property.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make the right arrangements for gaining personal aims. The evening is best being with persons you enjoy.

AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

Name of Company	Par Value	Number Traded	High	Low	Pri
Arab Union Insurance Co.	JD 5,000	30	11,400	11,400	13
Bank of Jordan	JD 5,000	34	13,300	13,300	13
Islamic Bank	JD 1,000	5425	1,780	1,730	1
Jordan Gulf Bank	JD 1,000	1565	1,340	1,530	1
Housing Bank	JD 1,000	1250	1,900	1,900	1
Arab Investment Bank	JD 1,000	100	1,500	1,500	1
Jordan Kuwait Bank	JD 1,000	1500	2,220	2,200	2
Industrial Development Bank	JD 1,000	2285	1,350	1,350	1
Jordan National Bank	JD 5,000	80	15,800	15,800	13
Petra Bank	JD 10,000	1100	15,750	15,500	13
Arab Bank Co.	JD 10,000	35	115,500	115,500	115
Cairo Amman Bank	JD 5,000	700	14,100	14,100	14
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette Co.	JD 5,000	393	8,650	8,650	14
Dar Al Dawa Development and Investment Co.	JD 1,000	350	3,850	3,750	3
Dar Al Sha'ab	JD 1,000	3600	0,930	0,940	0
Jordan Printing and Packing Co.	JD 1,000	251	2,950	2,950	2
Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural Co.	JD 1,000	2685	3,160	3,150	3
Jordan General Mining Co.	JD 1,000	239	1,340	1,410	1
Arabian Investment and International Trading Co. Ltd.	JD 1,000	2000	0,990	0,990	25
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Co.	JD 5,000	97	26,000	25,900	25
Arab Company for Aluminium Industries	JD 1,000	2295	1,200	1,150	1
Jordan Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	1122	1,840	1,820	1
Irbid District Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	300	1,050	1,050	1
International Construction and Investment	JD 1,000	4400	0,980	0,970	19
Jordan Cement Factories Co.	JD 10,000	196	19,400	19,400	19
Jordan Glass Factories Co.	JD 1,000	100	0,880	0,880	19
Jordan Phosphate Mines Co.	JD 1,000	50	3,300	3,300	19
Arab Chemical Detergents Industries Co.	JD 1,000	1950	2,660	2,650	19
Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co.	JD 5,000	6100	9,650	9,500	19
National Steel Industry	JD 10,000	345	20,500	20,240	20

Total Volume Traded on Saturday, June 14, 1980: JD 154,813

Total number of shares traded: 40,557

Government Development Bonds

Year of Maturity	Par Value	Number Traded	Volume Traded	High
1989	JD 10,000	250	2,500	10,000

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فكرنا من الأصل

Two days before Soweto riots anniversary South Africa announces ban on political meetings

JOHANNESBURG, June 14 (R) — South Africa, undergoing its most sustained period of unrest in four years, today banned all political meetings in an effort to damp down the potentially explosive anniversary on Monday of the 1976 Soweto riots.

A special government decree banned all political meetings and commemorative services of more than ten people from today until the end of the month. Thousands of blacks throughout the country were preparing to mark the anniversary with memorial services and gatherings over the next two days and a mass stay-away from work on Monday. Thousands of non-white businesses were also expected to close in sympathy on the anniversary marking the deaths of nearly 600 people in the township's uprisings against aspects of the apartheid system. It is a national day of mourning for this white-

ruled country's 18 million blacks. The government action follows two months of unrest among thousands of mainly coloured (mixed race) students protesting against inequalities in the racially-divided education system and also follows a daring guerrilla attack on a vital oil-from-coal plant. Speaking in parliament only hours before the ban order was issued just before midnight, Prime Minister Pieter Botha delivered what he called "a final warning" to people who underestimated the government's determination to maintain law and order. "The government has a duty to

the country to maintain law and order and it will carry it out strictly and fairly," he said. "It will be a serious mistake to underestimate the government's determination in this regard and those responsible will have to bear the consequences of their actions."

The prime minister called on the leaders of all population groups to help bring about calm, particularly referring to the long-running schools boycott by coloured students. "Continued boycotts and attempts to create unrest only waste money and time and thwart the government's efforts to correct the wrongs and improve the situation."

"Nothing is achieved with boycotts. They only destroy. No self-respecting state can afford to tolerate efforts to create anarchy," Mr. Botha said.

UNITED NATIONS, June 14 (R) — The U.N. Security Council has unanimously called on the South African government to dismantle its apartheid system and grant all citizens equal rights.

In one of its sternest rebukes of the white-ruled republic over apartheid, the council last night condemned what it called "the racist regime of South Africa" for aggravating unrest in the country, repressing opponents of racial separation and killing demonstrators and detainees.

South African Foreign Minister P. W. Botha denounced the council for what he called unwarranted interference in the country's internal affairs. The council resolution was drafted by African members and revised in response to the wishes of the Western nations, including the United States.

It condemned South Africa for "massive repression against all opponents of apartheid, for killings of peaceful demonstrators and political detainees, and for its defiance of General Assembly and Security Council resolutions."

The council reaffirmed that apartheid was a crime and declared its recognition of the "legitimacy of the struggle of the South African people for the elimination of apartheid and for the establishment of a democratic society in which all the people of South Africa as a whole, irrespective of race, creed or colour, will enjoy equal and full participation and other rights and participate freely in the determination of their destiny."

The authors dropped a demand that the council endorse the application of an oil embargo on South Africa, which the West was unwilling to accept, but they retained a call for stronger measures to enforce an existing arms ban.

The council also called for the release of Mr. Nelson Mandela, leader of the banned African National Congress, who has been serving a life term in Robben Island prison near Cape Town since 1964.

Diplomats said that although the resolution was not mandatory under the U.N. charter, it was one of the sternest denunciations of the apartheid system the council had adopted.

Speaking before the vote, the chief American delegate, Mr. Donald McHenry, said South Africa faced critical choices that were important for the destiny of Africa as well as its own future.

Kennedy pursues low-key campaign hoping for turnabout among delegates

WASHINGTON, June 14 (R) — Senator Edward Kennedy, lagging far behind in his bid to gain the Democratic Party nomination for president, is still running a low-key campaign against President Carter's forces, hoping that delegates at the party convention in August will be allowed to vote as they wish.

The senator, who saw his drive take on a sudden burst of strength in the last days of the state primary elections when it was too late to help him much, will probably go to the New York convention with 1,300 delegates committed to him against more than 2,000 for President Carter — with 1,666 delegate votes needed for nomination.

He hopes the party organization, dominated by Carter loyalists, will have a change of heart between now and August and allow delegates to vote as they wish, something Carter aides think will never happen.

Senator Kennedy entered the presidential fray last November, lured on by public opinion polls which showed him a two to one favourite over the president.

But the moment Mr. Kennedy formally entered the race his own

personal problems began to surface, including his involvement in the drowning of a young woman in a car he was driving at Chappaquiddick, Massachusetts in 1969.

Only in the latter part of his five-month-long primary election season, when mounting unemployment was beginning to swing public thinking towards Mr. Kennedy's liberal views, did his campaign begin to take headway.

When the primaries ended on June 3 with Senator Kennedy winning the major industrial states of California and New Jersey, President Carter met him in the White House to try to persuade him to withdraw and thus unify the party, but to no avail.

Kennedy forces will now have to find some way to vote down a rule which commits delegates to voting on the first ballot for the candidate they opted to support in the primaries.

They plan to force the issue out of the party's rules committee, where they hope, the majority of delegates will forget their candidate affiliations and back a Kennedy counter-proposal freeing them to

vote according to their conscience. Kennedy organisers admit there is no open revolt against Carter in the party ranks at the moment but they say mounting unemployment throughout the summer could change the situation radically.

To try to win delegates to their idea of an open convention, the senator and his aides have begun telephoning party delegates around the country.

After being sentenced to 25 years Italian financier may face additional charges in U.S.

NEW YORK, June 14 (R) — Italian financier Michele Sindona, starting a 25-year jail sentence for financial manipulations that led to the biggest bank collapse in U.S. history, may face additional charges, a prosecutor said.

Federal prosecutor John Kenney said after Mr. Sindona's sentencing yesterday that the government was trying to determine if the 60-year-old financier's disappearance last summer and a suicide attempt last month were ways of trying to avoid imprisonment.

Mr. Sindona said he had been kidnapped and later released by Italian radicals last August, but Mr. Kenney said that if his claim proved false he could be indicted.

Meanwhile the Italian authorities were awaiting a decision by President Carter on their request that Mr. Sindona be extradited to face trial on fraud charges relating to the collapse of two banks he controlled in Milan.

Mr. Sindona was sentenced yesterday to serve 25 years in prison for causing the Franklin National Bank to fail in 1974 because of fraudulent foreign exchange dealings involving millions of dollars.

Court officials said Judge Thomas Griesa's sentence was probably the toughest ever handed down for such a crime.

U.S. attorney John Martin, whose office prosecuted Mr. Sindona, said, "Obviously what Judge Griesa did was to warn the rich and the powerful that they will be treated the same way as any other individuals who engage in criminal activity."

He also said he would consider a prosecution motion that Mr. Sindona forfeit his bail of \$3 million which was secured by funds of \$700,000 of the financier's assets.

Mr. Sindona was ordered to jail after being found guilty in March of 65 counts of fraud and conspiracy in the Franklin case. His lawyers said he would appeal against the sentence.

Milan gunmen surrender after releasing all hostages

MILAN, Italy, June 14 (R) — Three gunmen who had barricaded themselves into a Milan bank surrendered to police today after freeing all their hostages, police said. The last gunman was to be captured shot himself in the stomach and was taken to hospital. He was identified as Alberto Manfrini, 35.

Earlier his two accomplices, their arms raised over their heads, left the bank within 45 minutes of each other. They were immediately arrested and taken to police headquarters. Police identified them as brothers Armando, 38, and Claudio Bertelli, 34.

The bandits, who demanded two briefcases filled with cash and a getaway helicopter, freed ten of the hostages two hours before releasing the rest. The gunmen had snatched more than 35 hostages when they took over the bank yesterday.

The remaining hostages, all employees of the Milan headquarters of the Banco di Roma, finally emerged from a side door of the building unharmed. But many were unable to speak and burst into tears after their 17-hour ordeal.

Throughout the siege at the six-storey building in central Milan, prosecutors and senior police officials kept in constant telephone contact with the gunmen.

Signs of a breakthrough developed early this morning when some of the hostages appeared at a bank window and waved to relatives waiting in a hotel across the street.

The gunmen had threatened to kill their captives if their demands were not met. The trio, wearing hoods, had herded employees into a first-floor office after an apparent attempt to rob the bank's chief cashier had failed.

The gunmen were supplied with cigarettes, water and whisky as police tried to persuade them to surrender.

The raid began yesterday afternoon, three hours after the bank had closed for business, when the men presented two leather briefcases to a cashier with the order: "Fill them up."

Told that all the cash was locked up until the next day by an automatic device, the three men went upstairs to the bank offices, where they took employees hostage.

Kampuchean guerrillas killed at least 150 in train attack, journalist reports

BANGKOK, June 14 (R) — Kampuchean guerrillas attacked a packed train bringing civilians to Phnom Penh last Tuesday and killed at least 150 people, according to a television journalist who has just returned from Kampuchea.

Mr. Neil Davis of the American National Broadcasting Company

(NBC) said today that according to survivors the guerrillas used rockets and machineguns to attack a train carrying at least 8,000 people, about 70 kilometres north-west of Phnom Penh, the capital. Mr. Davis said he had interviewed survivors and doctors. About 145 casualties were brought to a hospital in Phnom

Penh and other victims were taken to Kompong Chhnang, a provincial capital closer to the scene.

He said many survivors believed their attackers were anti-government guerrillas loyal to the ousted Khmer Rouge administration. But so far the incident has not been officially admitted. None of the various Kampuchean guerrilla groups have claimed responsibility.

The Khmer Rouge, ousted from Phnom Penh in January 1979, have said they will step up their actions against occupying Vietnamese forces during the rainy season which is already under way.

Mr. Davis said that versions of the number of attackers varied from "about ten" to "they were everywhere."

He said the attack took place in the early afternoon. The train of about 70 carriages was packed so tightly that people were unable to sit down and many were riding on top of the roof.

According to the survivors, the guerrillas began their attack by hitting the boiler of the steam engine with a rocket. The boiler exploded, killing many people.

Latest Mount St. Helens eruption followed violent geological shudder

KELSO, Washington State, June 14 (R) — The latest eruption of Mount St. Helens volcano was heralded by a violent geological shudder which knocked seismograph needles off their graphs, seismologists said today.

The eruption, late on Thursday night, sent giant clouds of ash and steam to a height of nearly 16 kilometres and scattered ash over 11,520 square kilometres of the United States' north-west coastal area.

The volcano originally erupted on May 18 when 32 people were killed, many injured and 46 reported missing.

Seismologists keeping a watch on the volcano reported that Thursday's tremor, earlier described as an earthquake, had such an explosive force it pushed seismograph needles beyond their highest possible readings.

"We are not sure yet what this means, but similar shudders at volcanoes in the past have signalled catastrophes within the volcano," a member of the U.S. Geological Survey group said in Kelso.

The volcano, 80 kilometres east of Kelso, was "resting" today, belching out only minor bursts of steam and ash.

Geologists hope to make a closer study of the mountain within the next two days to try to discover what happened deep inside the volcano on Thursday.

THE Sunday Crossword

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword)
Edited by Herb Eitzen

MATERIAL THINGS

By Alice Miel

- ACROSS**
- 1 Talk idly
 - 6 Variation
 - 11 Assesses
 - 16 Partner
 - 21 Fell sick
 - 23 Set away
 - 24 Happening
 - 25 Wistful
 - 26 Sailing
 - 27 Toy
 - 28 Landed
 - 30 Bottle
 - 31 Upp
 - 32 Elui items
 - 34 Money
 - 35 Decree
 - 36 Greatest
 - 37 Whip
 - 42 Across
 - 43 Undecide
 - 44 Confused
 - 45 "not even"
 - 46 Mason
 - 51 Greta
 - 52 Seed
 - 53 Mountain
 - 54 "de-ice"
 - 55 Islamic
 - 56 "War is"
 - 57 L.A. team
 - 58 "Lovers"
 - 59 "Old"
 - 60 A Gardner
 - 61 Shoe part
 - 62 Alaskan
 - 63 English
 - 64 Certain
 - 65 Magic
 - 66 Spanish
 - 67 Schedule
 - 68 Verdict
 - 69 Literary
 - 70 Scars
 - 71 Tennis star
 - 72 Williams
 - 73 Small in scale
 - 74 "The"
 - 75 Bitter
 - 76 "also"
 - 77 "I'm sorry"
 - 78 "I'm sorry"
 - 79 "I'm sorry"
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 - 99 "I'm sorry"
 - 100 "I'm sorry"

- DOWN**
- 1 Hemingway
 - 2 Stream
 - 3 Jai
 - 4 NY summer
 - 5 Kille
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Diagramless

- ACROSS**
- 1 Sections
 - 2 Greek
 - 3 Epileptic
 - 4 stones
 - 5 See near
 - 6 See near
 - 7 See near
 - 8 See near
 - 9 See near
 - 10 See near
 - 11 See near
 - 12 See near
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 - 100 See near

17 X 18, by Adam Christopher

- ACROSS**
- 1 Certain
 - 2 Keep — on
 - 3 (check)
 - 4 Rescued
 - 5 More
 - 6 Impatient
 - 7 Arrived
 - 8 Hawaiian
 - 9 bird
 - 10 Repeat
 - 11 Single time
 - 12 Proportions
 - 13 Photo
 - 14 equipment
 - 15 Danger
 - 16 Opera song
 - 17 Feds
 - 18 Impertinent
 - 19 Polar
 - 20 Across
 - 21 Wood
 - 22 Stage
 - 23 Shows
 - 24 Tangle
 - 25 Belgium
 - 26 Kidnap
 - 27 Remained
 - 28 Changes
 - 29 Actor
 - 30 Actor
 - 31 Actor
 - 32 Actor
 - 33 Actor
 - 34 Actor
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CRYPTOGRAMS

1. XBERSL GRYBYE GIBERO: EOMJSL BC PTH
TIMNIO BY PHYSICS WHO SHOTNC XE
MSSOMPSEBI WHOPL —By Barbara J.E.
2. RNYG EYUENR LYSB IAYOU DXDUG EXE
OZ IAYOU RINGDEAR —By Reba I.
3. MAC JKE YKB YJYM YKJM EIBS EIKM AC AE
—By Earl I.
4. DINOSAURISH INDUSTNA ZIBS UG
DTNSAUBNEN WEN ROWANY EN YINWS
WTT ESKOU. WZUNI FNAUNIYWA TWUNTWI
UP REPSN. —By Marlene E. A.

Last Week's Cryptograms

1. Learning is a lifelong story for one intellectually curious.
2. Busy, country-bred fat cat ate corn-fed rats.
3. Trade Iraqi questions quality in Malay customs official.
4. Big tough hoodies caught in the kitchen, baking little cookies.

مكتبة الأصل